Safety Data Sheet



Issue date: 2017/07/10 Revision date: 2021/02/15

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: D-GAMMA Tocopherol 90

Manufacturer: Tama Biochemical Co., Ltd.

Address: 23-3, Nishishinjuku 1-chome, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo

160-0023, Japan

Department in charge: Quality Assurance Dept.

Telephone number: +81-3-5321-6051

Emergency telephone number: Same as above

Facsimile number: +81-3-5321-6055

Recommended use of the

product and restrictions on use:

Represented in the USA by TRI-K Industries, Inc.
2 Stewart Court • PO Box 10

Denville, NJ 07834 USA Tel: (973) 298-8850 Fax: (973) 298-8940

90%

www.tri-k.com info@tri-k.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification: Not a hazardous substance according to the Globally

Food additive

Harmonized System (GHS)

GHS Label elements:

Symbols/Pictogram: None

Signal word: None

Hazardous information: None

Precautionary statements: None

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance or mixture: Mixture

Common chemical name or Tocopherols 95% general name and composition: Rapeseed oil (Canola oil) 5%

Representative compound and

composition:

d-gamma Tocopherol, C₂₈H₄₈O₂

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CAS RN: Tocopherols 1406-66-2 d-gamma Tocopherol 54-28-4

Rapeseed oil (Canola oil) 54-28-4 120962-03-0

Class reference number in the gazette list:

Japanese Chemical Substances Control Act: 9-864 (Tocopherols)

Industrial Safety and Health

Act:

Existing Chemical Substance

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Supply fresh air and get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact: Not harmful. Wash with soap and water and rinse

thoroughly. If any irritation occurs and get medical

attention.

Eye contact: Flush immediately with plenty of water and get medical

attention immediately.

Ingestion: If swallowed in a small amount, no problem. If swallowed

in large amount, gargle, and drink plenty of water to

vomit, and get medical attention immediately.

Protection for first-aiders: Use protective equipment as required.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: Dry chemical extinguisher, carbon dioxide or foam

Prohibited media: Water

Specific hazards with regard

to fire-fighting:

No information

Protection for fire-fighters: Fighters should be wear protective clothing and

respirator.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective

equipment and emergency

procedures:

Use protective equipment as required.

Environmental precautions: Avoid entering the river or affecting to the environment.

Methods and materials for neutralization containment and

clean up:

In case of large spills, use earth and sand to prevent spread and collect it in empty air tight containers. For small amounts, collect with dry sand, oil disposer, cloth,

etc.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Wear personal protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection. Although the risk when contact is low, avoid contact with the skin and mucous membranes and contact with eyes. After handling, wash thoroughly

with soap and water.

Storage: Store in a tight container, avoid high temperature and high humidity.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Acceptable concentration: No information

Engineering controls: Install local exhaust fan, if necessary.

Procetcive equipment:

Respiratory protection: Unspecified

Hand protection: Protective gloves

Eye protection: Safety glasses. A face-shield, if necessary.

Skin and body protection: Protective clothing. Safety shoes, if necessary.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Pale yellow to reddish brown, clear and viscous liquid.

Odor: Faint characteristic odor

Melting poit/Freezing point:

No data available

Boiling point:

No data available

Flamability: Flammable

Explosion limit: No data available

Flash point: 250°C (Cleaveland open cup)

Auto-ignition temperature: No data available

Decomposition temperature: No data available

pH: No data available

Dynamic viscosity: No data available

Solubility: Insoluble in water. Miscible with ethanol or hexane.

Octanol-water partition coefficient: No data available

Vapor pressure: No data available

Density (Specific gravity): 0.93-0.96

Vapor density:

No data available

Particle property:

No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No information

Chemical stability: Stable in the air at the normal temperature

Hazardous reactions: None under normal processing

Conditions to avoid: Extremes of temperature, humidity and direct sunlight

Incompatible materials: High temperature substances, strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition

products:

Carbon monooxide(CO), Carbon dioxide(CO₂)

11. TOXICOLOGOCAL INFORMATION

(1) Tocopherol*

*The information in this section is pertains for Tocopherol Acetate.

Acute toxicity: $LD_{50} > 5g/kg \text{ (rat oral)}^{1)}$

Skin corrosion/irritation: Non-irritant (human, rabbit)¹

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Non-irritant (rabbit)¹⁾

Respiratory or skin sensitization: No skin sensitization (human, guinea pig)¹⁾

Germ cell mutagencity: Negative (chinese hamster ovarian cell)¹⁾

Carcinogenicity: Negative²⁾

Reproductive toxicity: Negative^{3,4)}

Specific target organ:

Single exposure: No information

Repeated exposure: Subacute toxicity: No abnormality observed (3.5g/kg

feeding stuff, rat oral).⁵⁾

Chronic toxicity: Very less toxic^{5,6)}

Aspiration hazard: No information

(2) Canola oil

Acute toxicity: No information
Skin corrosion/irritation: Slight irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: May cause irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization: No information

Germ cell mutagencity: No information

Carcinogenicity: No alart in IARC, ACGIH, NTP, EPA

Reproductive toxicity:

No information

Specific target organ:

Single exposure: May cause nausea and vomiting in large doses. Exposure

to high concentrations may cause unconsciousness.

Repeated exposure: Chronic exposure may cause nausea and vomiting.

Aspiration hazard: No information

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: No information

Persistent/Degradability: No information

Bioaccumulation potential: No information

Mobility in soil: No information

Impact on the ozone layer: No information

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Residues: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated vessel and package: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International restriction:

UN Number: Not applicable

Proper shipping name: Not applicable

Not applicable Class:

Packing group: Not applicable

Marine pollutant: Not applicable

Domestic restriction:

Rail and road transportation

information:

Refer to applicable laws and regulations.

Marin transportation

information:

Refer to applicable laws and regulations.

Aviation transportation

information:

Refer to applicable laws and regulations.

Specific precauitonary transport measures and

conditions:

Before loading, make sure that no leakage happened. Avoid overturn, fall-down, direct sunlight and any other

damage, both on loading and transporting.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Domestic regulation:

CHRIP MITI No.: 9-864 (Tocopherols)

Fire and Disaster Management Act: Designated flammable goods (Combustible liquids)

Act on Securing Quality, Efficacy and Safety of Products Including Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices:

Not applicable

Food Sanitation Act:

Applicable (Food additive)7)

Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR):

Not applicable

Not applicable

Poisonous and Deleterious

Substances Control Law:

USA Federal regulations:

CAS RN 1406-66-2 (Tocopherols) TSCA Inventory:

CAS RN 120962-03-0 (Canola oil)

SARA 311/312 Hazard

categories:

Not considered a hazard.

SARA 313 Toxic chemicals:

Not applicable

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substances: Not applicable

HMIS-Rating (0-4)HMIS: Health:1 Flammability:1 Reactivity:0

(Rating: None=0, Least=1, Moderate=2, High=3,

Extremely high=4)

California Proposition 65: Not applicable

EU Regulations:

EINECS: No. 200-201-5 ([2R[2R*(4R*,8R*)]]-3,4-dihydro-2,7,8-

trimethyl-2-(4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)-2H-benzopyran-6-

ol)

No. 232-299-0 (Rape oil)

SVHC: Not applicable

Regulatory information with regard to this preparation in your country or region should be examined by your own responsibility.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

References:

1) 日本医薬品添加剤協会ホームページ http://www.jpec.gr.jp/detail=normal&date=safetydata/sa/dasu5.html

2) Dysmsza HA and Park J., Excess dietary vitamin E in rats. Fed Am Soc Exp Biol 34:912, (1975).

- 3) Krasavage, W. J. and Terhaar C.J., d-alpha-Tocopheryl poly(ethylene glycol) 1000 succinate. Acute toxicity, subchronic feeding, reproduction, and teratologic studies in the rat. J. Agric. Food Chem. 25: 273-278 (1977).
- 4) Martin, M. M. and Hurly L. S., Effect of large amounts of vitamin E during pregnancy and lactation. Am. J. Clin. Nutr. 30: 1629-37 (1977).
- 5) Yang, N. Y. J. and Desai I. D., Effect of High Levels of Dietary Vitamin E on Hematological Indices and Biochemical Parameters in Rats. J. Nutr. 107: 1410-1417 (1977).
- 6) Wheldon, G.H., Bhatt A., Keller P. and Hummler H. d,1-alpha-Tocopheryl acetate (vitamin E): a long term toxicity and carcinogenicity study in rats. Int. J. Vitam. Nutr. Res. 53: 287-296 (1983)
- 7) 第9版 食品添加物公定書 (Japan's Specifications and Standards for Food Additives 9th Ed) 収載

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